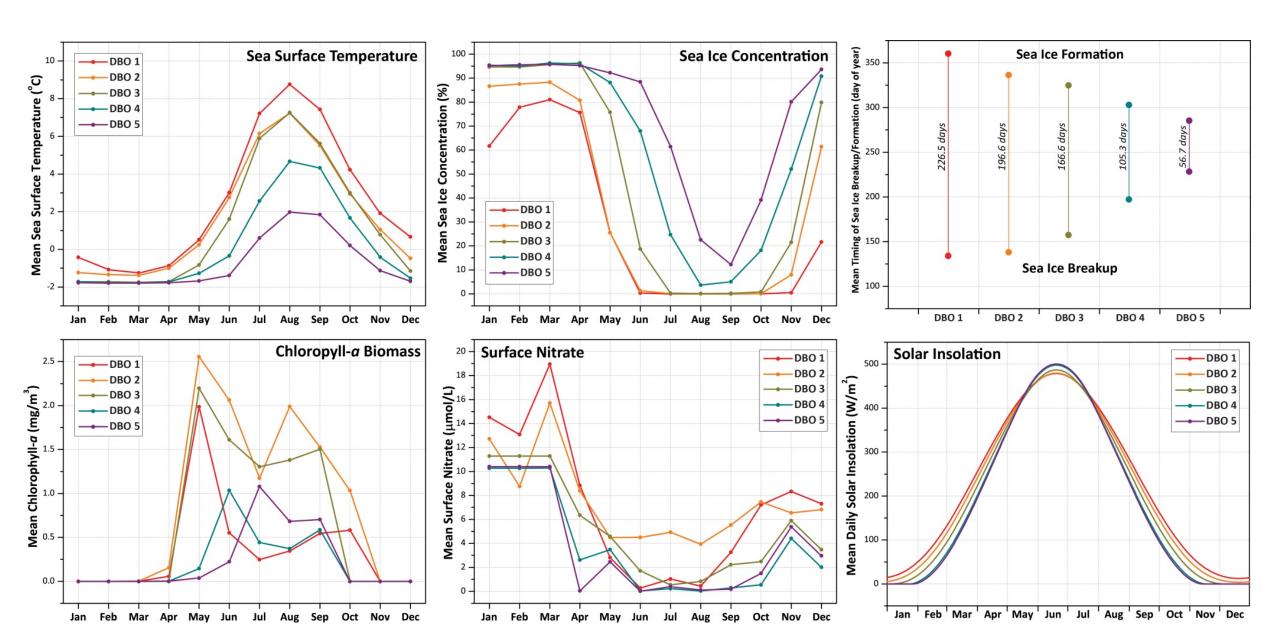
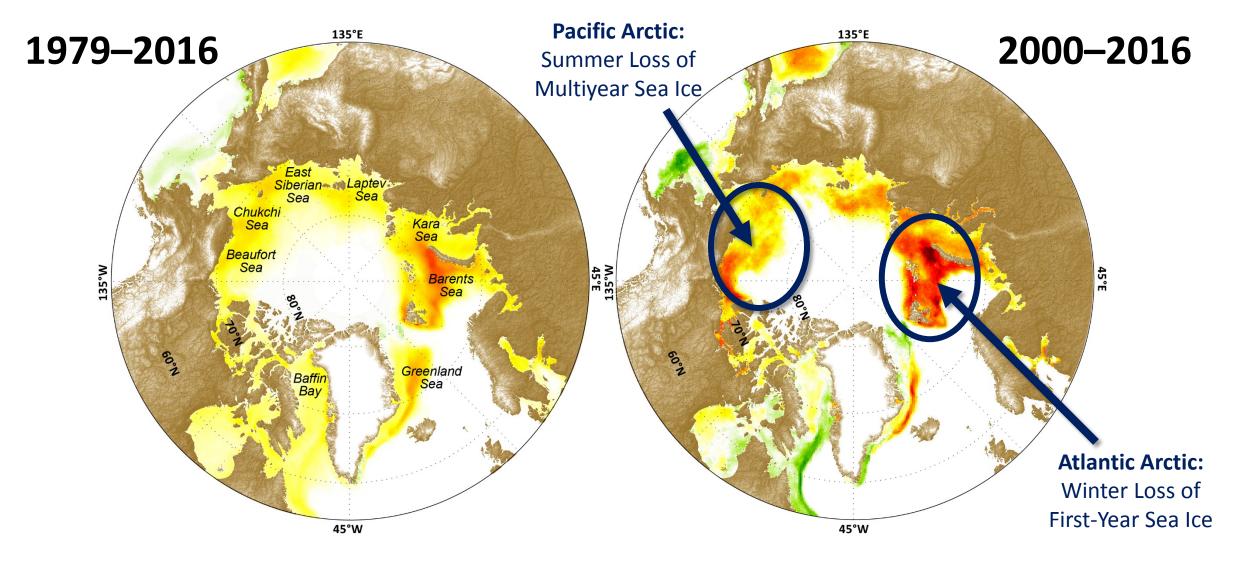


## Monthly Mean DBO Climatologies (DBO 1-5)



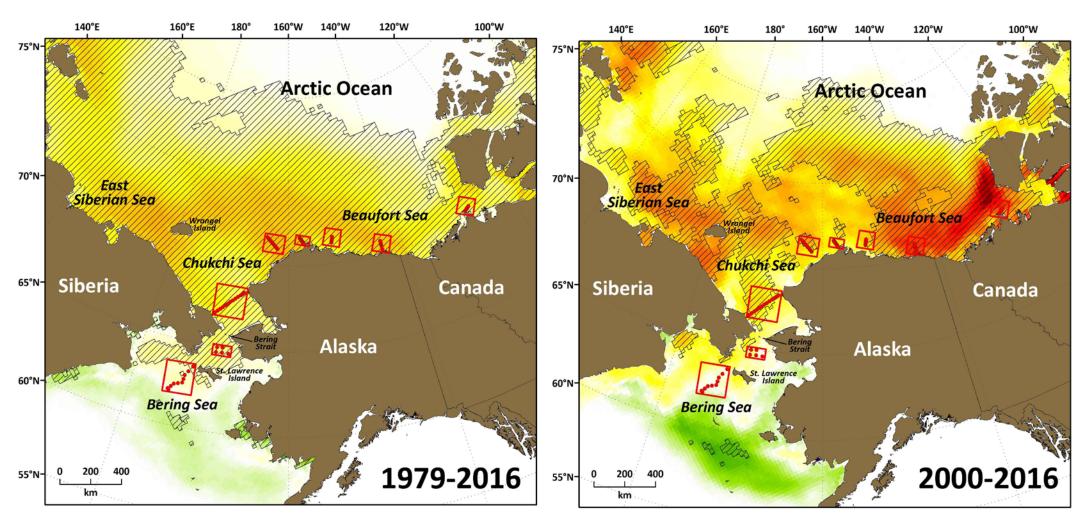


### Trends in Annual Sea Ice Persistence (days/year)



### Trends in Annual Sea Ice Persistence (DBO 1-8)

Hatching indicates statistically significant trends (Mann-Kendall p<0.1)
Trends in annual sea ice persistence have accelerated since 2000

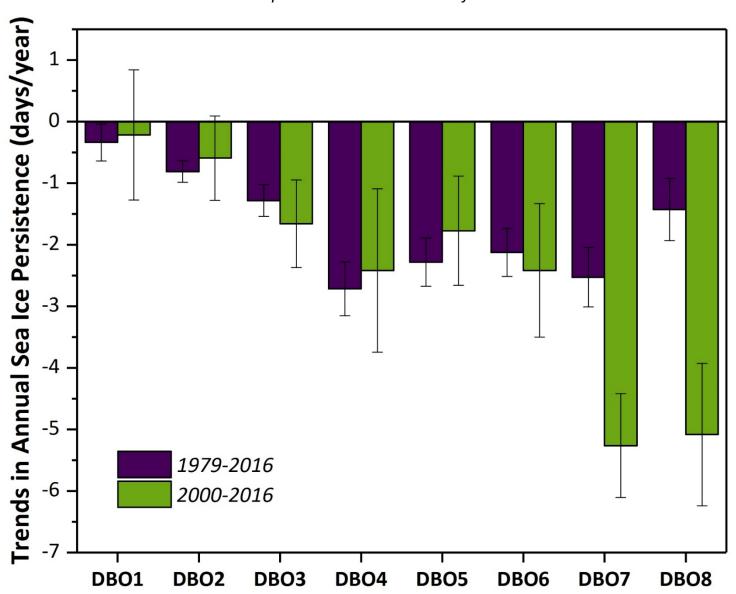


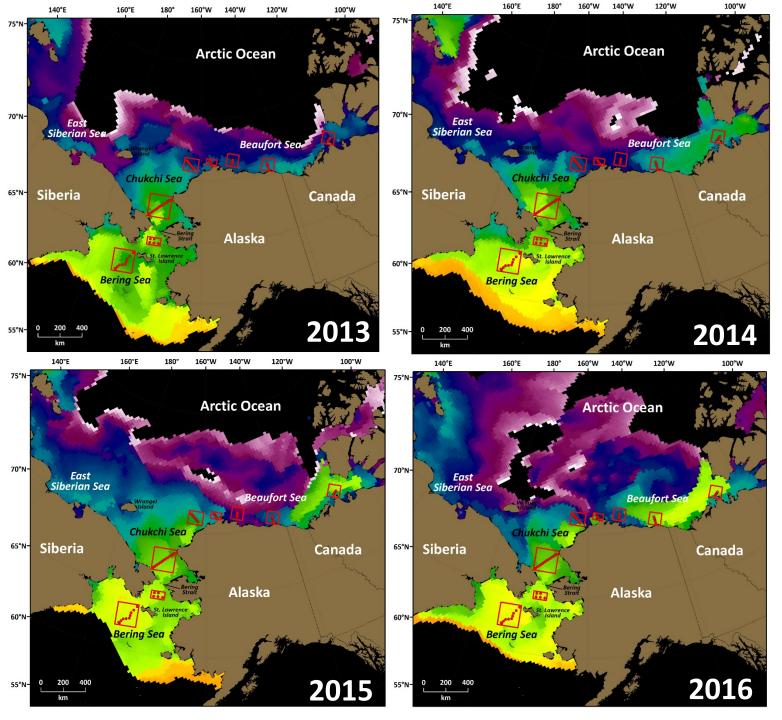
#### Trends in Annual Sea Ice Persistence (days/year)



### Trends in Annual Sea Ice Persistence (DBO 1-8)

Trends in annual sea ice persistence have accelerated since 2000 Error bars represent standard errors of the linear trends

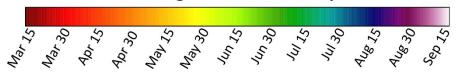


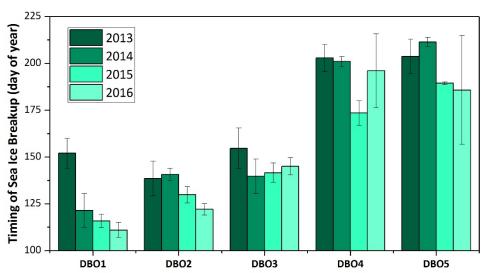


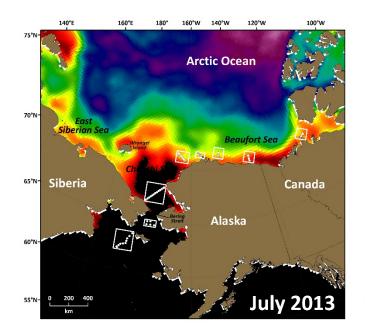
## Timing of Sea Ice Breakup 2013-2016

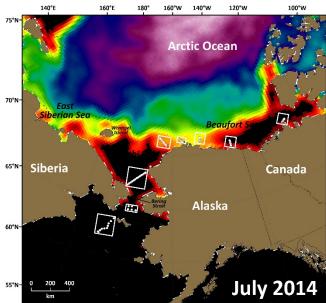
based on SSM/I satellite data

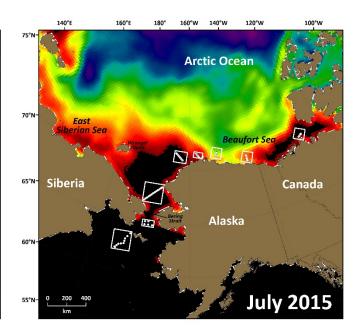
#### **Timing of Sea Ice Breakup**

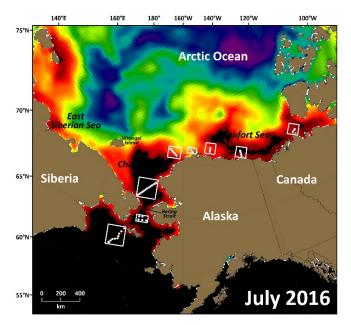


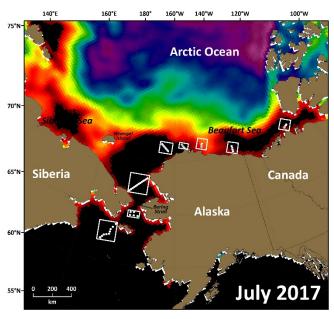








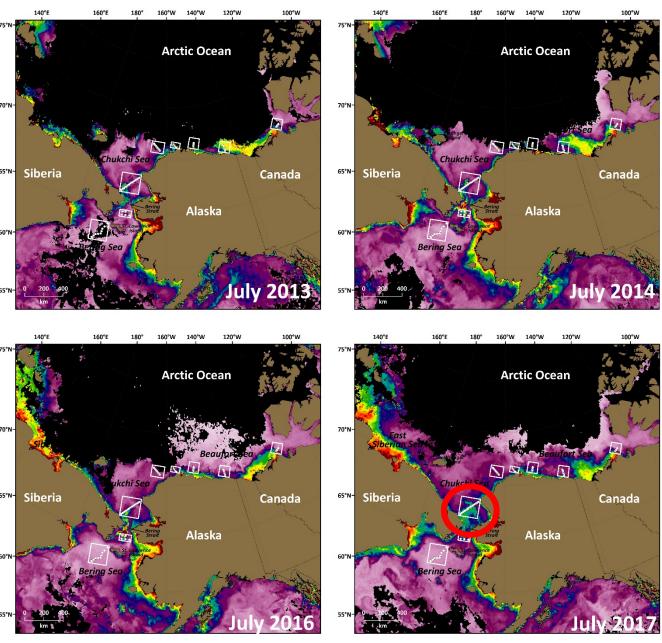


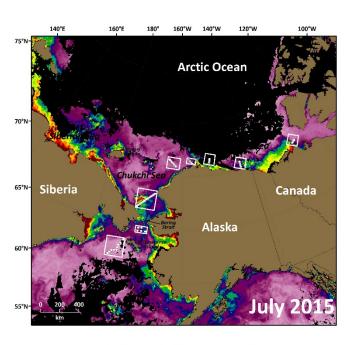


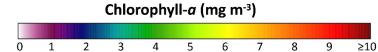
## Sea Ice Concentration (%) 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100

## July Sea Ice Concentration (SSM/I)

2013-2017 (corresponding to the NSF/AON Laurier cruises) High interannual variability, but less ice in 2015 and 2016







## Chlorophyll-a Concentrations (MODIS-Aqua)

2013-2017 (corresponding to the NSF/AON Laurier cruises)
Most extensive bloom for DBO3 was in 2017

# Monthly and Interannual Variability of Chl-a

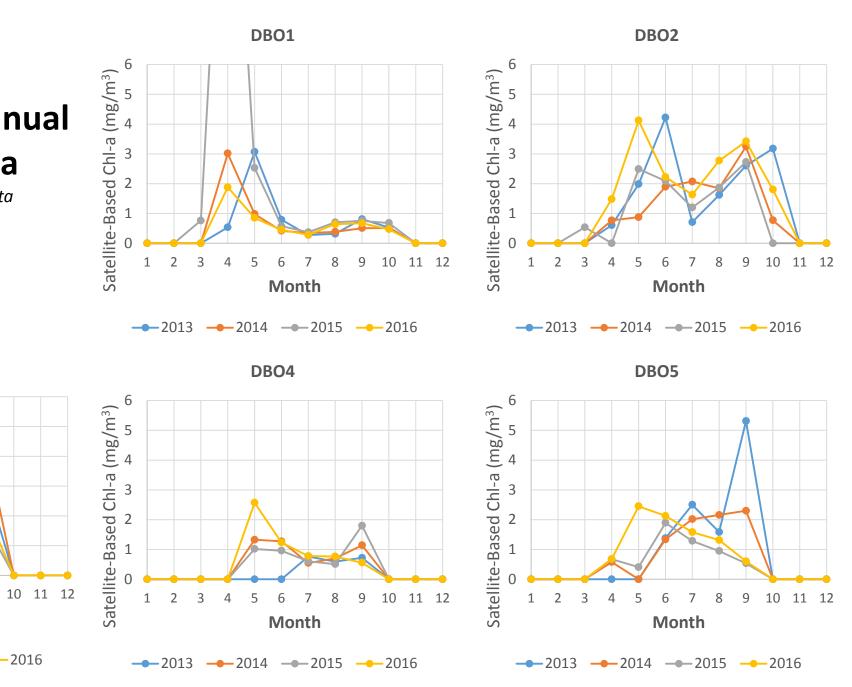
based on MODIS-Aqua satellite data

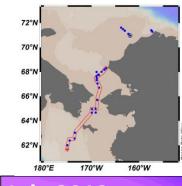
**DBO3** 

Month

**→** 2013 **→** 2014 **→** 2015 **→** 2016

Satellite-Based Chl-a (mg/m³)





## Field Observations of Chl-a (DBO1, DBO2, DBO3)

Large interannual variability:

2013 and 2015 chl-a concentrations indicate lower production near DBO3 in July

