Rebecca Woodgate University of Washington, Seattle, USA

Black dot = moorings

Blue line = underway

ellow dot = Glider deployment

Red dot = CTD

Our July 2017 Norseman 2 cruise recovered & redeployed the 3 Bering Strait moorings, and took CTD sections, finding the Chukchi remarkably warm

> BeringStrait 2017 - r=ctd,k=moorings,b=track **LIS** Line 0 69°N 10 Cape CD Line Lisburne 30' Ē Point Hope S 68°N 30' Cino, 67°N 30 Cape Serdtse Kamen 30' DIL Russian NNBS Line Federation 66°N NBS Line IBS Line USA 30' 168°W 166°W 164°W 172°W 170°W

From Woodgate et al., 2017Find data, reports and papers at:Norseman2 Cruise Reportpsc.apl.washington.edu/Bstrait.html



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psc.apl.washington.edu/Bstrait.html

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A3 DATA Red=hourly Mag=7day smoothed Blue=30 day smoothed

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Trans ≥1Sv; FW~3500km³/yr (cf 34.8psu) Heat ~5x10²⁰J/yr ~15TW (cf -1.9°C)

Woodgate, 2017, in review, PiO

* For 2000s, annual average
~ 1.0Sv (not 0.8Sv of 1990-2004 climatology)
* Changes SEASONAL, greatest in summer (flow increase, early warming) + winter freshening



Significantly increasing annual mean fluxes Mostly driven by volume flux increase

Due to far-field pressure head forcing (no trend in local wind)

Warming and Freshening

No trend in Alaskan Coastal Current

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A New Monthly Climatology for the 2000s to include the Alaskan Coastal Current and Stratification (2003-2015)







A3corr ACC (extra) +strat A3+ACCextra+strat 0.15 FW (Sref=34.8ps/)



* For 2000s, annual average

~ 1.0Sv (not 0.8Sv of 1990-2004 climatology) * Changes SEASONAL, greatest in summer (flow increase, early warming) + winter freshening

Transport (Sv)

Heat Flux (TW)

Tref=-1.9°C

Blue=A3 Data Red=A4 Data Mag=Alaskan Coastal Current Cyan=SST/Strati fication Black=Totals including ACC & stratification

Freshwater Flux (Sv) Sref=34.8psu

Woodgate, 2017, in review, PiO

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What drives Bering Strait Change?

YEAR-ROUND GRACE OBP correlated with:



* Year round (35% of pressure-head variance) and in summer (71% of pressure head variance), link to East Siberian Sea variations is dominant
 * Winter, Bering Sea Shelf more important

Suggests Bering Strait variability may be driven from the Arctic, + some Bering Sea effects

Peralta-Ferriz & Woodgate, 2017, in press, GRL



- * ~20 day late cooling in 2016
- * ~15 day early warming in 2017
- * Salinities 0.5-1psu fresher than climatology

Find data, reports and papers at: psc.apl.washington.edu/Bstrait.html

Heat ~5x10²⁰J/yr ~15TW (cf -1.9°C)

Recent papers document also: * trends in seasonal changes * flow increase driven by pressure head, far field forcing; * patterns of the pressure head forcing, finding flow dominantly driven from the Arctic Woodgate 2017 in review PiO Peralta-Ferriz & Woodgate 2017 GRL

Funded by

NSF-AON

164°W



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Peralta-Ferriz & Woodgate, 2017, in press, GRL